

# Customer Keynote



## Frank R. Thompson

Group Vice President, Supply Chain  
Parker Aerospace

Frank Thompson is the group vice president of supply chain management for Parker Aerospace. Named to the position in June 2007, Thompson is responsible for developing and implementing group-wide plans and strategies for strategic supply chain.

Joining the company in 1998, Thompson has led positions in procurement at Parker's Air & Fuel Division. Most recently, Thompson served as supply chain director for the division. Prior to coming to Parker, Thompson held such roles as materials director and purchasing manager at Interstate Electronics Corporation and the former Hughes Aircraft Company.

Thompson earned a bachelor of science degree in finance from California State University, Long Beach, and a master in business administration degree from Pepperdine University, Irvine, California, campus. Thompson is also a graduate of Parker's Taking Charge of Change program.



# **SEA Gala Celebration**

## **November 2010**



**Frank Thompson**  
**Group Vice President, Supply Chain**

**ENGINEERING YOUR SUCCESS.**

January 2010

# Key Facts about Parker

Global Leader in Motion and Control (NYSE:PH)



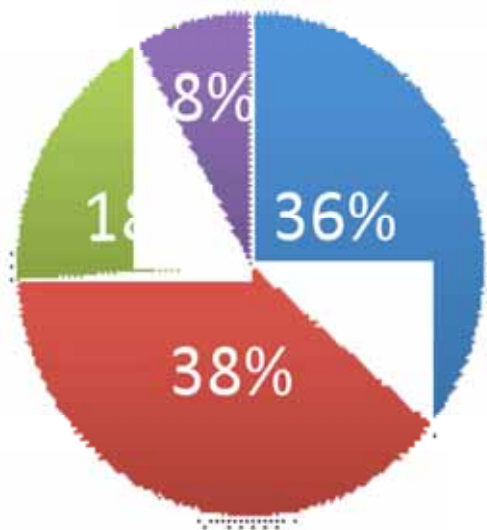
- \$10.0 Billion in Revenue
- 839,000 Products Sold
- 471,000 Customers
- 55,000 Employees
- 13,000 Distribution/MRO Outlets Worldwide
- 1,100 Markets
- 132 Divisions
- 46 Countries

# Strong Global Presence

## More than Half of Industrial Sales now International



FY10 Sales: \$10 Billion



- NA Industrial
- INTL Industrial
- Aerospace
- Climate Industrial Controls

# Broad Technology Platform

Aerospace



Refrigeration



Electromechanical



Filtration



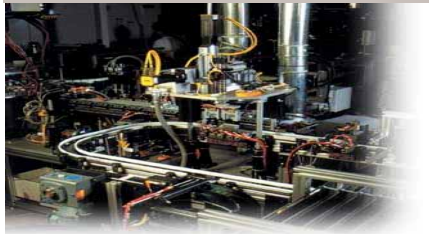
Fluid Handling



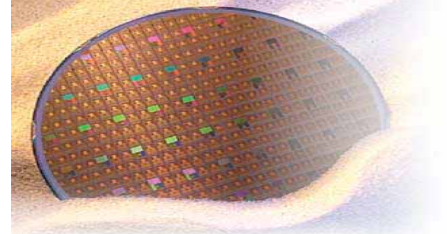
Hydraulics



Pneumatics



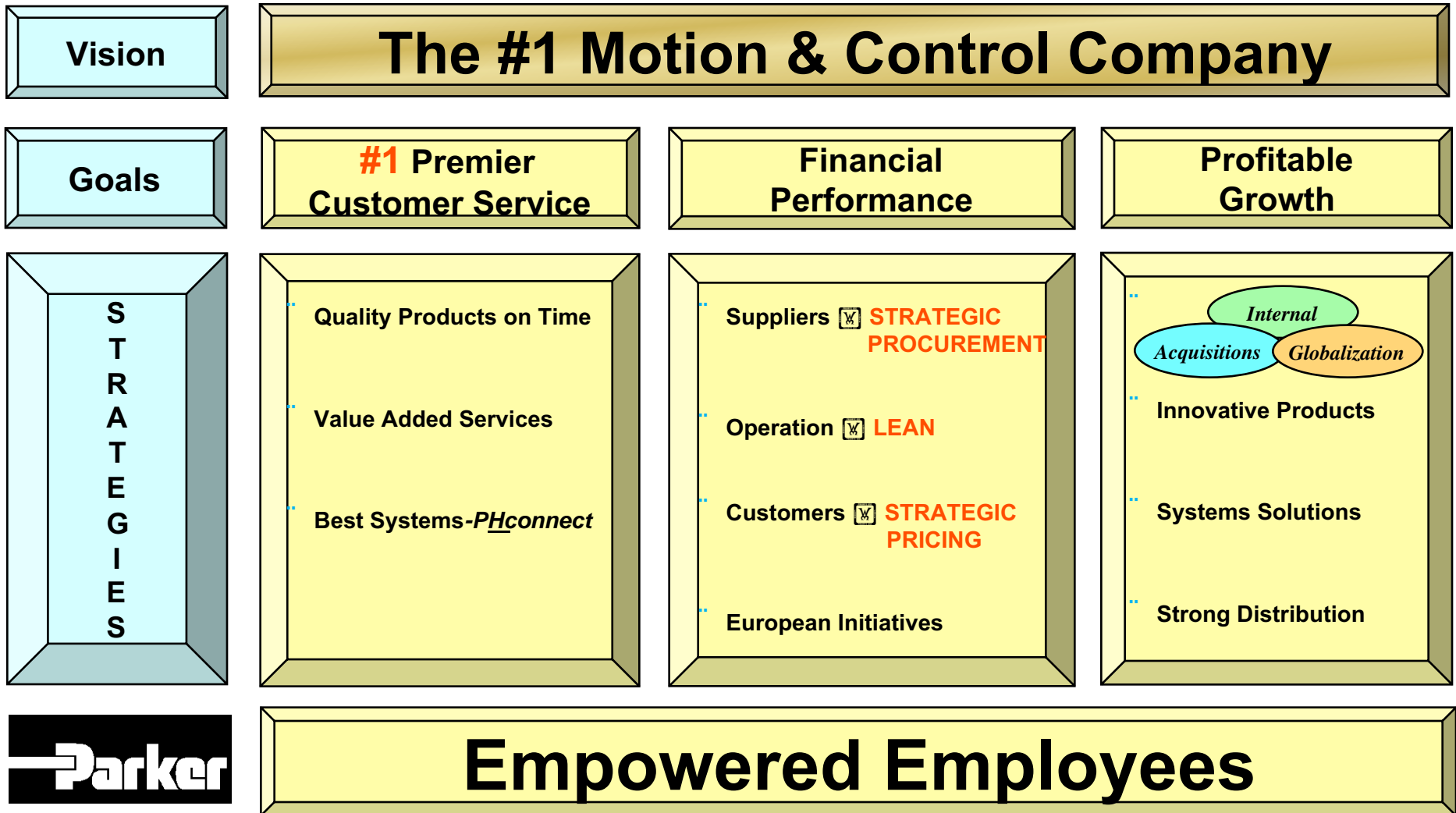
Process Control



Sealing & Shielding



# A Clear Roadmap – “Win Strategy”



# Management Priorities

➤ **Maintain a Strong Balance Sheet**

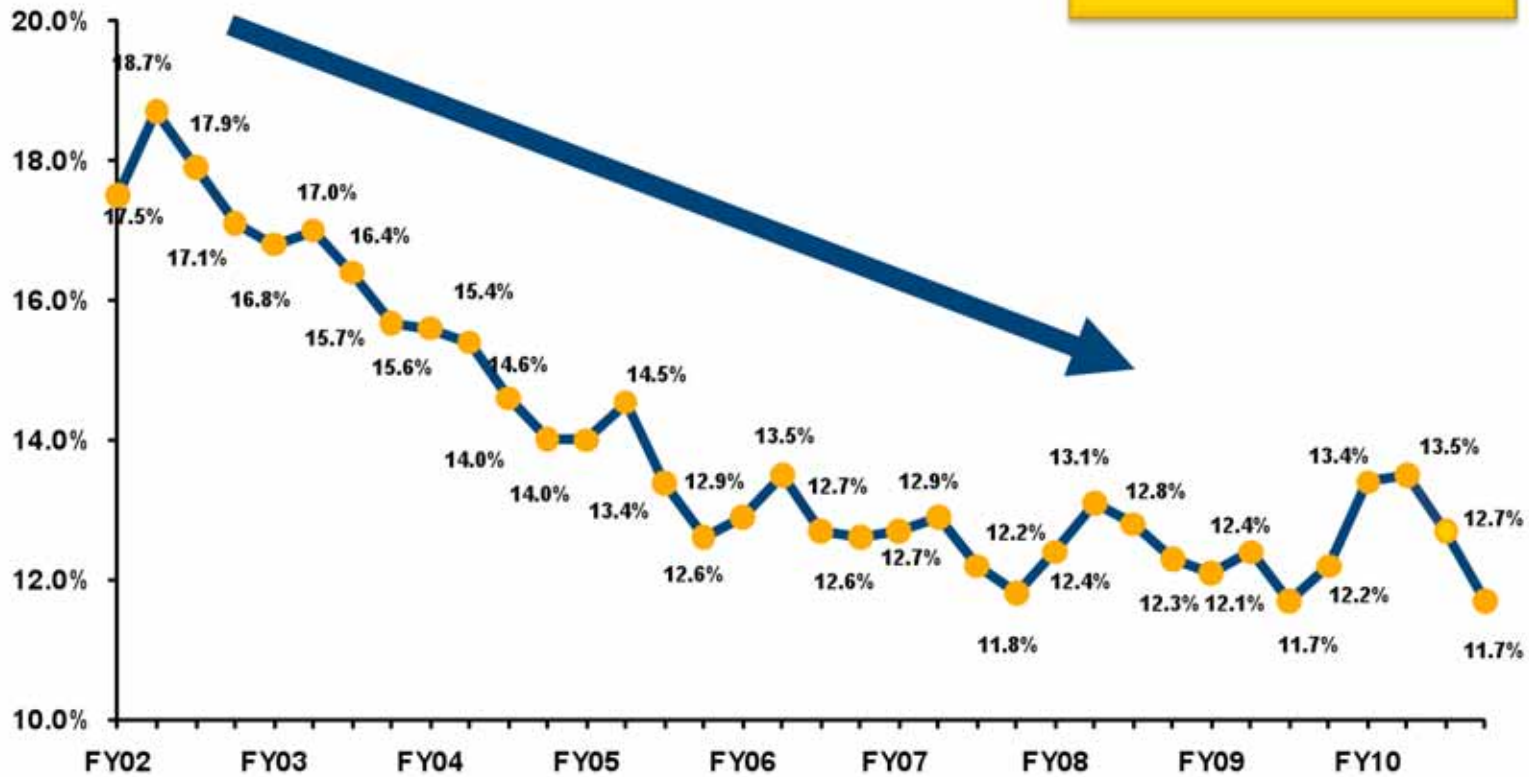
➤ **Invest in Growth Opportunities**

➤ **Navigate the Upturn**

# Inventories Have Been Rationalized

## Inventory % to Sales

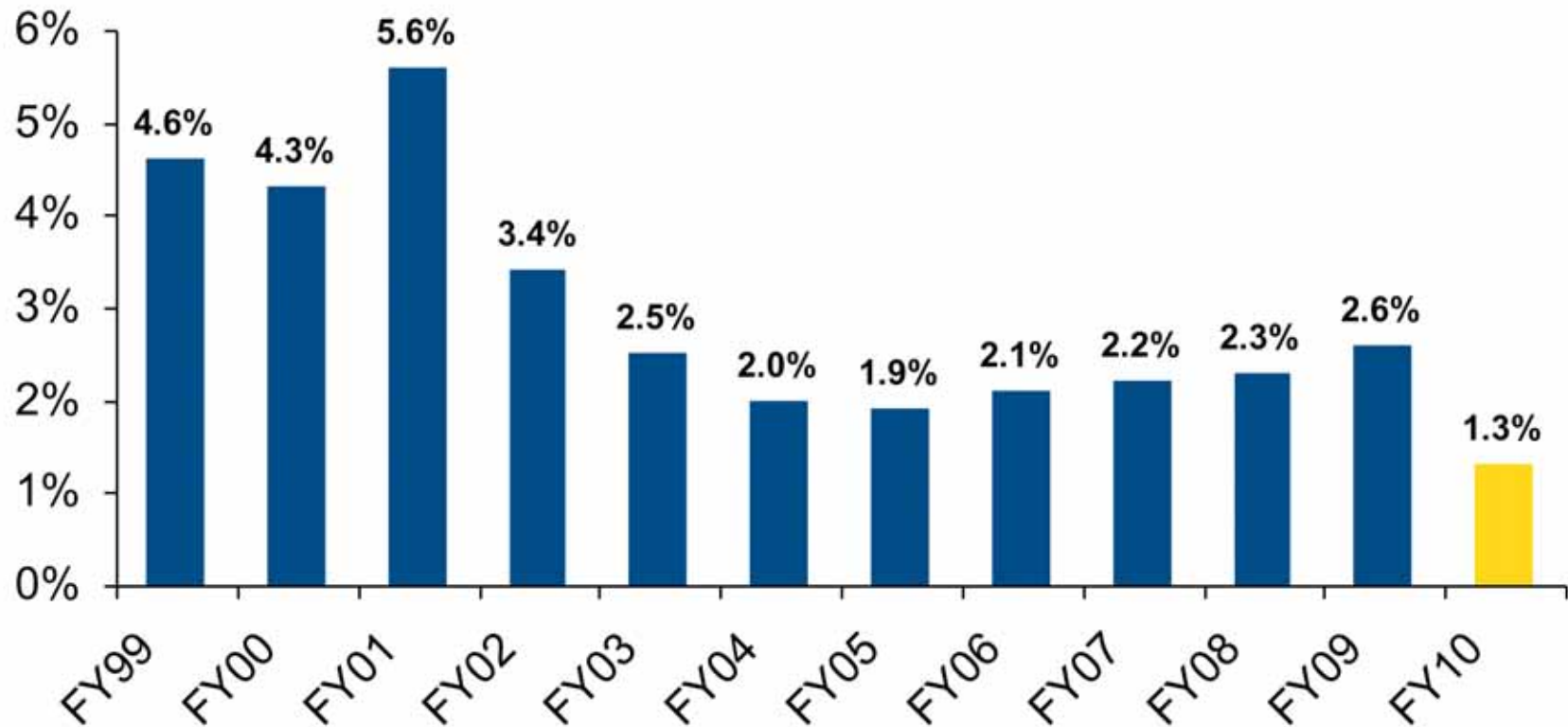
**Goal = 10%**





# Capital Expenditures Have Tightened

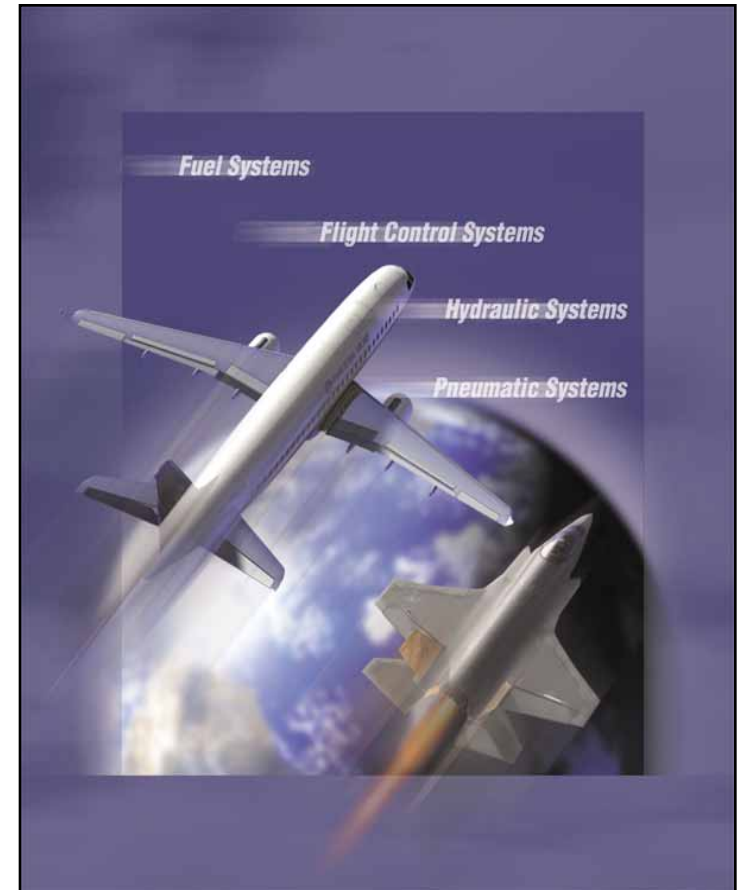
## Capital Expenditures as a % of Sales



**FY10 annual depreciation: 2.5%**

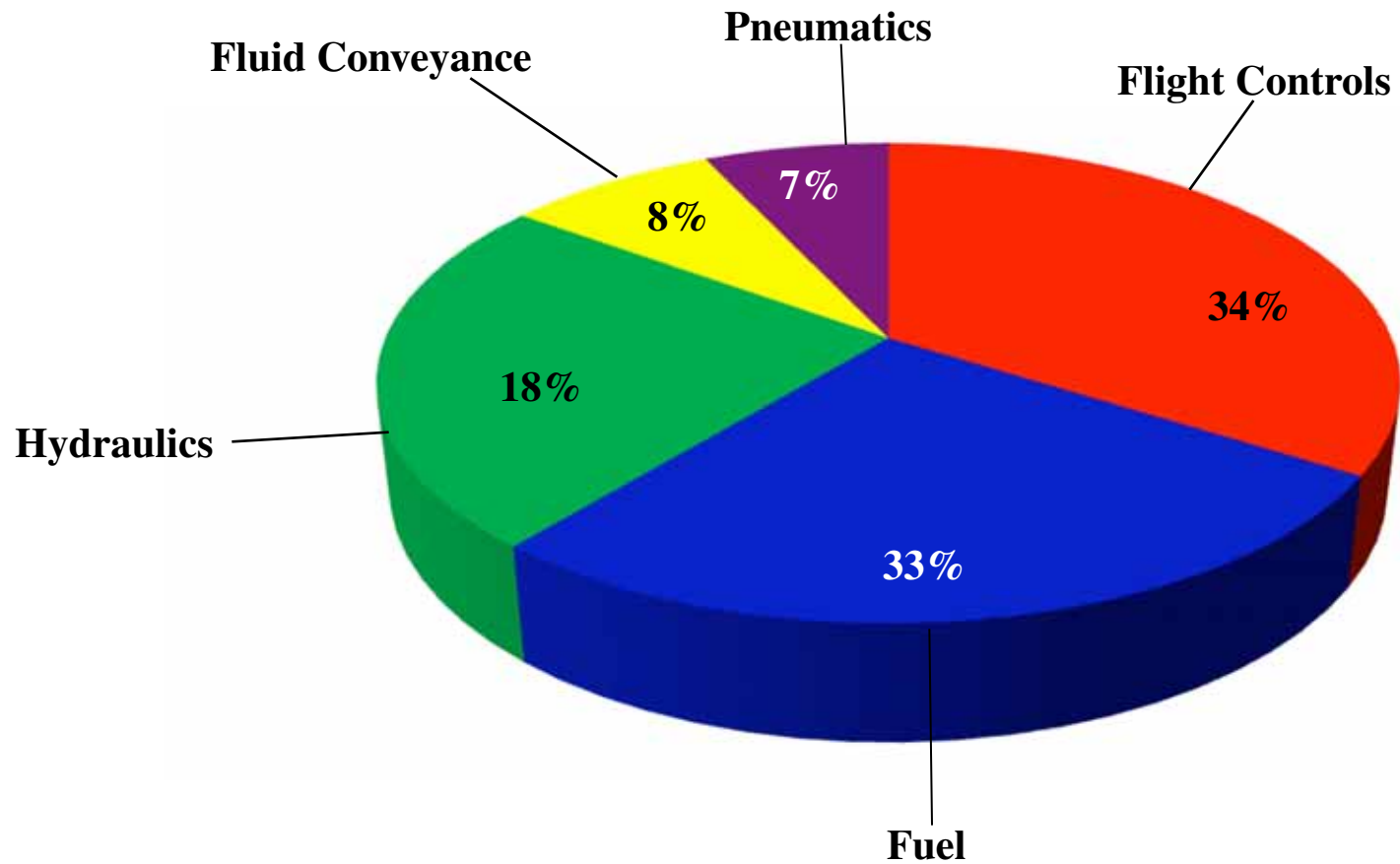
# Parker Aerospace

- **Global leader in:**
  - Flight control systems
  - Hydraulic systems
  - Fuel & Inerting systems
  - Pneumatic systems
  - Conveyance systems
- Headquartered in Irvine, California
- \$1.7 billion in annual sales
- 5,600 employees
- 8 divisions, 43 worldwide locations



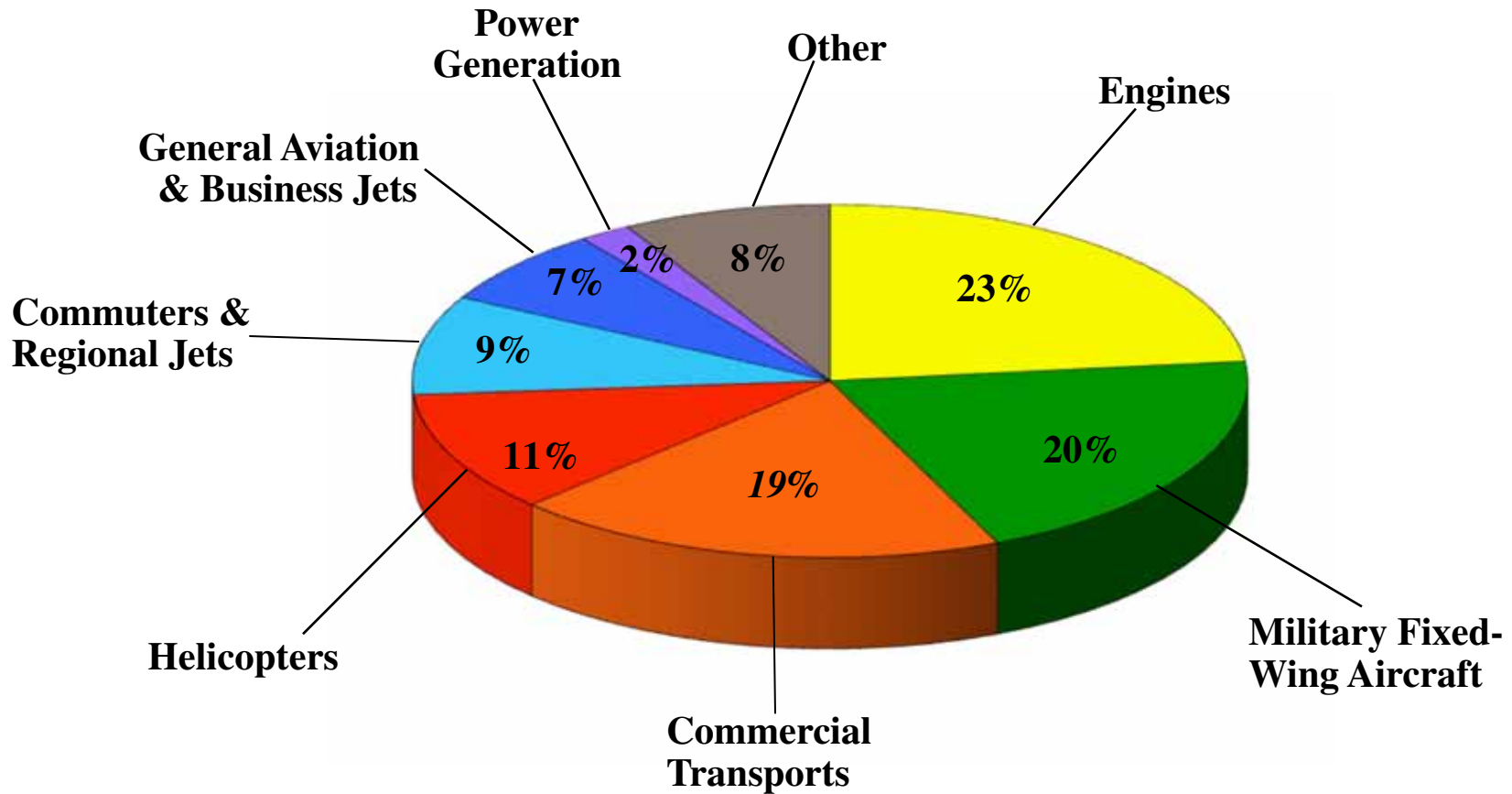
# A Broad Aerospace Product Line

*FY10*



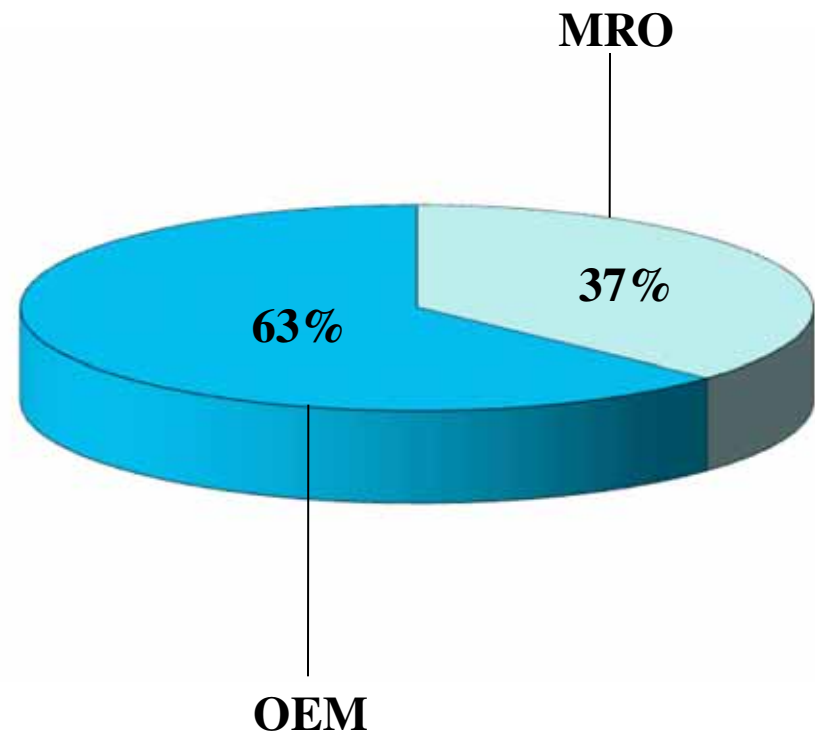
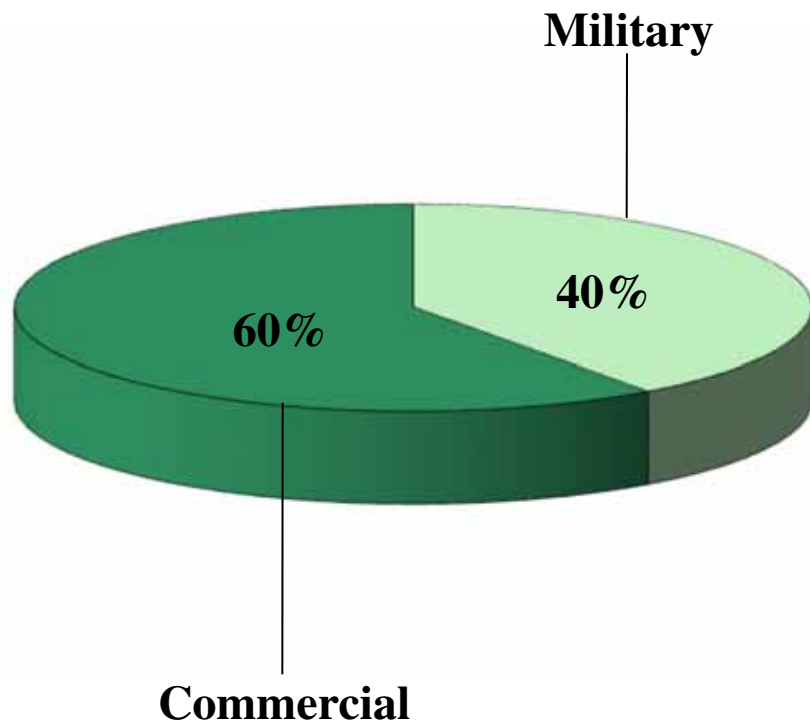
# Our Market Segments

*FY10*



# Our Market Mix

*FY10*



# Aerospace Group

## FY08 – FY10 Program Wins



**Total: \$18 Billion**

# Exceptional Level of New Platform Launches

## Airbus 350

- Hydraulic Systems
- Fuel Systems
- Fuel Inerting Systems



## COMAC C919

- Flight Control Systems
- Hydraulic Systems
- Fuel Systems



## Bombardier C-Series

- Flight Control Systems
- Hydraulic Systems
- Fuel Systems



## Rolls-Royce XWB

- Pneumatics valve suite
- Main oil pump
- Hydraulic EBU



## Gulfstream 650

- Flight Control Systems
- Fuel Management – measurement system

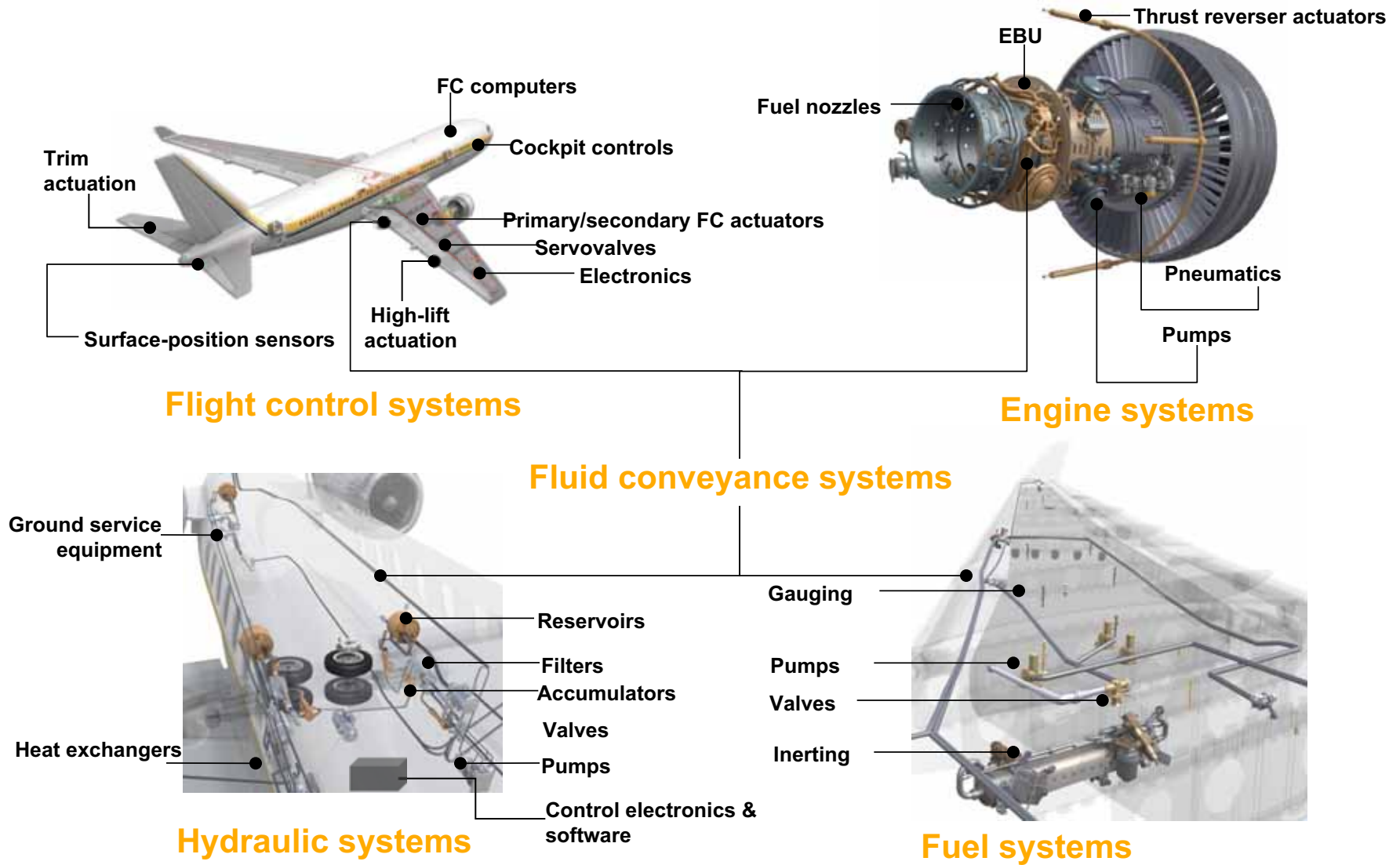


## Embraer Legacy 450/500

- Flight Control Systems
- Hydraulic Systems
- Fuel Systems

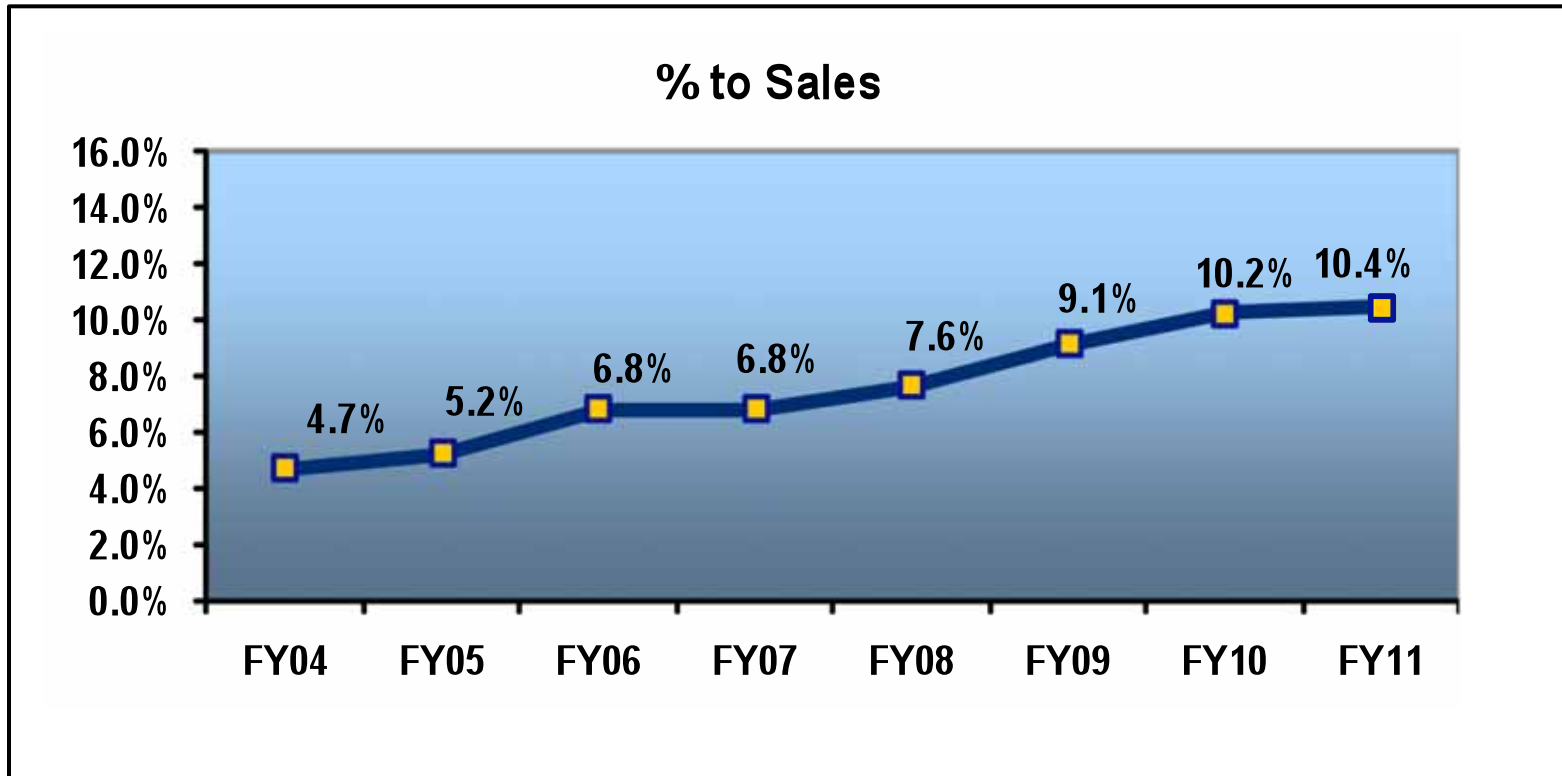


# Product applications

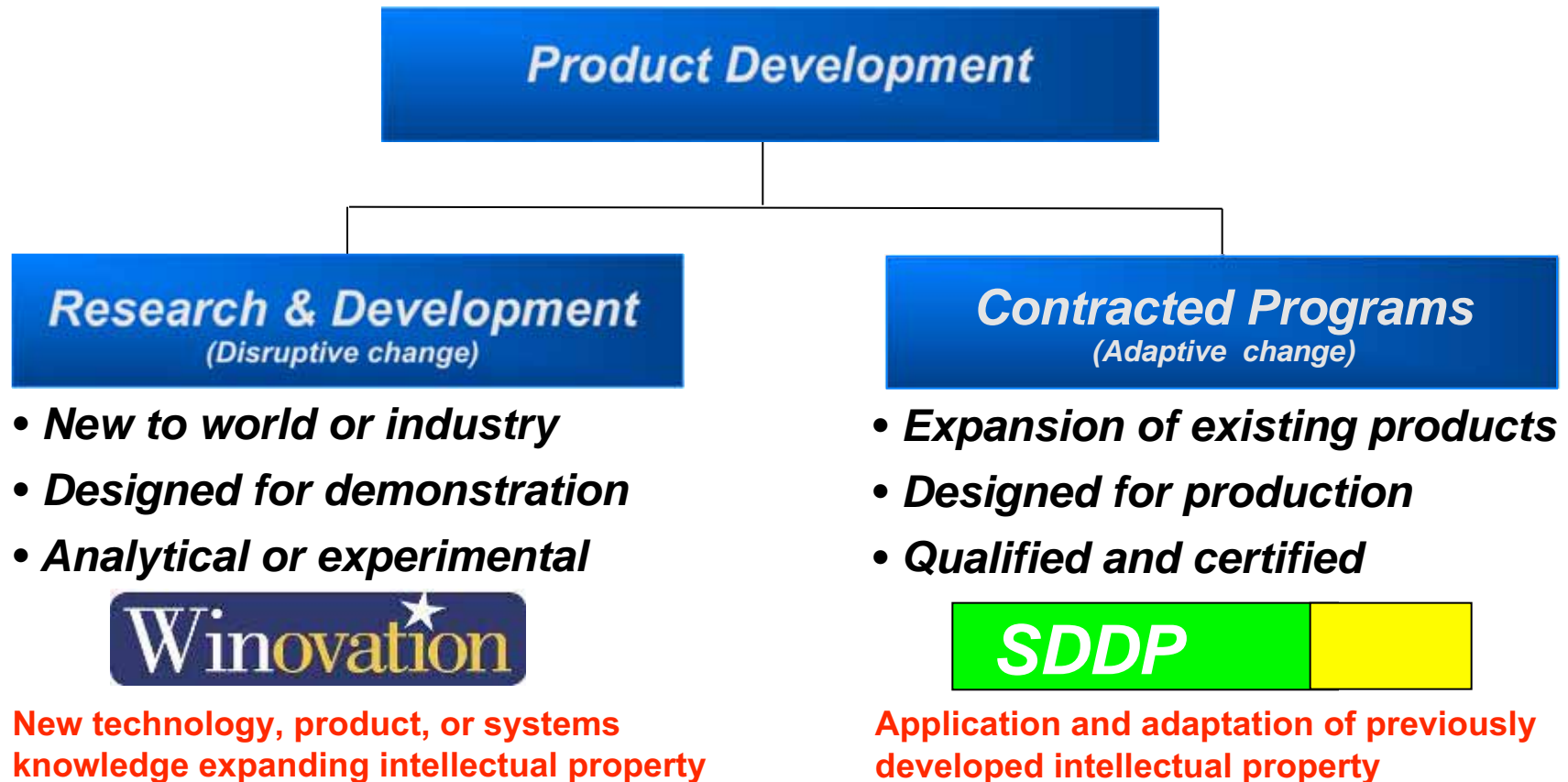




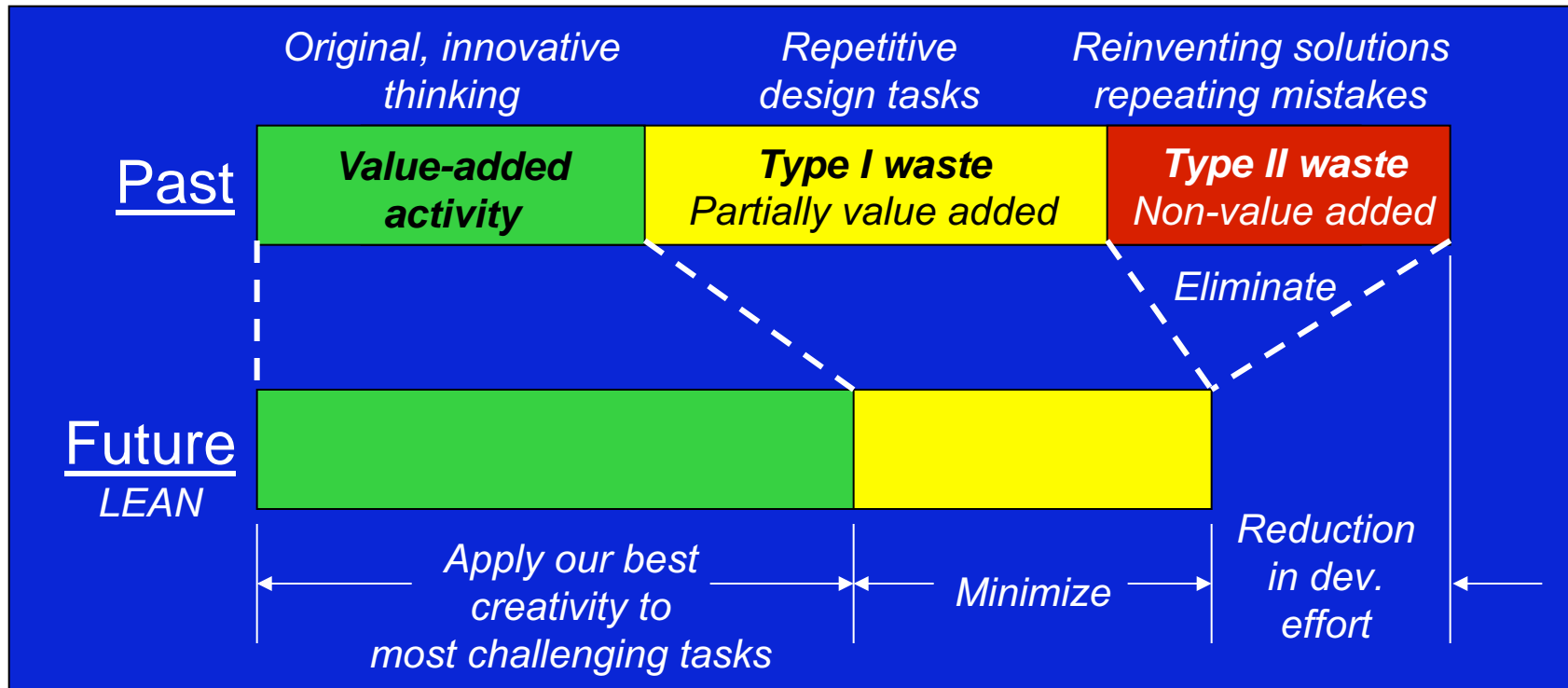
# Product Development Costs as a Percent of Sales



# The ambidextrous aerospace organization



# Lean product development objective



# Design-to-cost plan

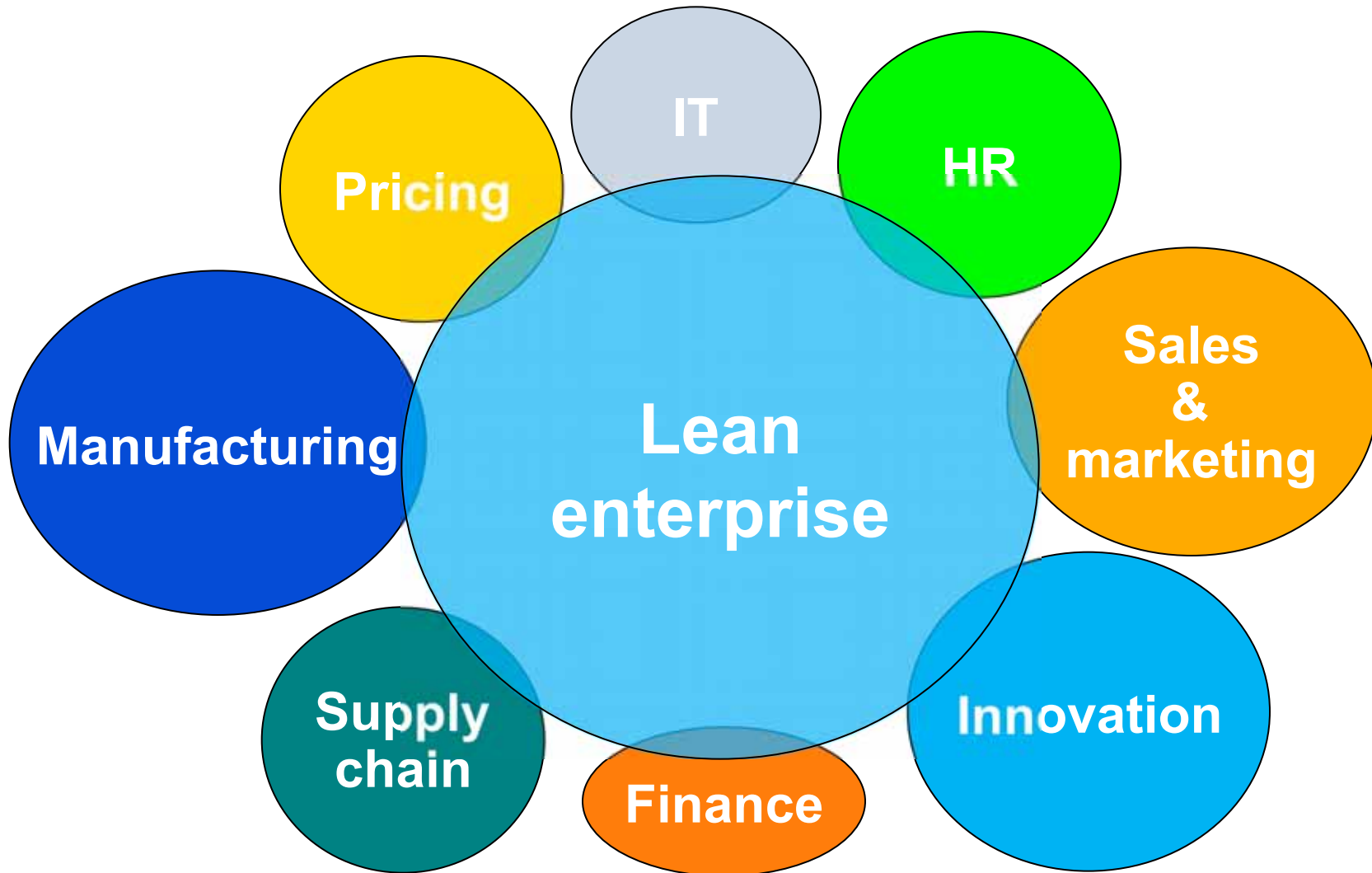
## Careful planning minimizes cost

An initial estimate of manufacturing design cost based on concept and/or prototype sketches, drawings or models, past knowledge on legacy products, or competitive products

- Identifies high-cost drivers to consider redesigning or remanufacturing the part or product
- Reviewed by the program manager and technical team leader once per month
- Minimizes nonrecurring and recurring cost



# Parker's lean enterprise



# Parker's lean enterprise

Lean enterprise is *the way we operate* our company around the world. Tools such as standard work, value stream mapping, visual controls, and error proofing are used to meet objective, measurable goals.

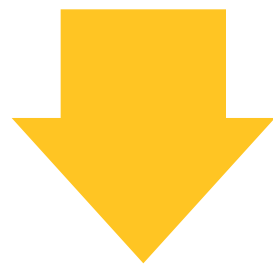
As these tools are applied, **inventory levels** and **capital expenditures** go down while **productivity, quality, and return on net assets** improve.

Lean is also taking hold in the office as areas such as finance, legal, and marketing reduce waste and improve productivity.

# Lean programs create efficiency

All divisions participating

- Shop
- Office



## Reduced

- Inventories
- Turn-around & cycle time
- Lead time
- Backlog



## Increased

- Productivity
- Customer service
- Yield

# The four rules of TPS

- 1. All work shall be highly specified as to content, sequence, timing and outcome.**

Standard work, 5S, and total productive maintenance

- 2. Every customer-supplier connection must be direct, and there must be an unambiguous yes-or-no way to send requests and receive responses.**

Flow, pull systems, and Jidoka



# The four rules of TPS

- 3. The pathway for every product and service must be simple and direct.**

JIT flow and pull systems (i.e. Kanban)

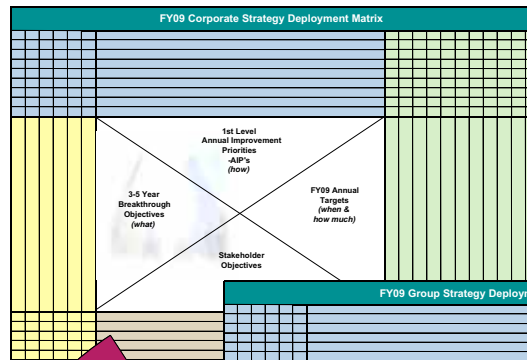
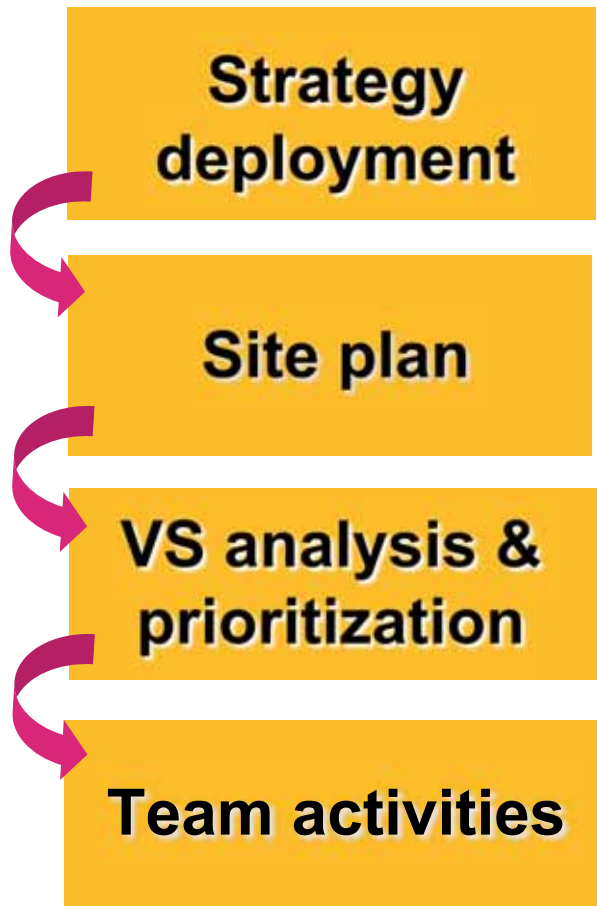
- 4. Any improvement must be made in accordance with the scientific method, under the guidance of a teacher, at the lowest possible level in the organization.**

Structured problem solving, Kaizen, and empowered associates

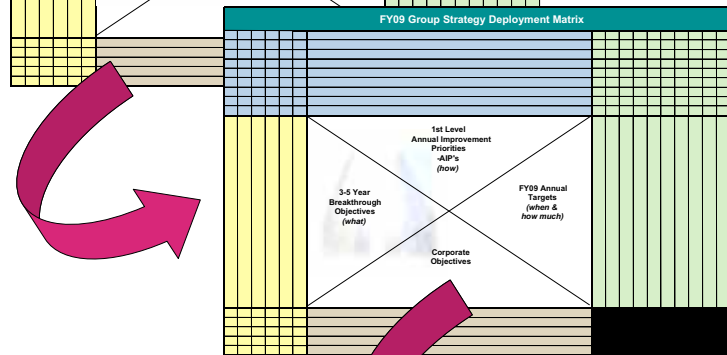
# The Parker lean system

- A set of tools, templates and training modules to deploy a consistent implementation of lean practices.
- Institutionalizes a rigorous plan-do-check-act (PDCA) process to drive lean throughout the organization.

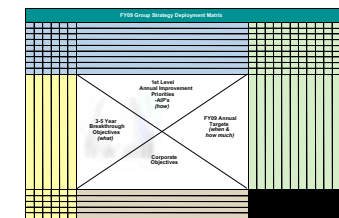
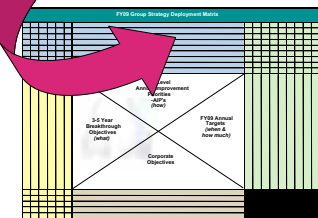
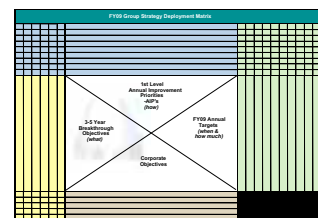
# Parker's lean transformation



Corporate SD matrix



Group SD matrix



Division SD matrices

# Supplier management: standardized & aligned

# Supply chain strategy

## A structured approach

### Deploy supply chain management system

- Develop long-term relationships with key suppliers
- Emphasis on process stability and continuous improvement
  - Implement a lean plan to work with suppliers
  - Utilize the Supplier Excellence Alliance as a supplemental capability to bring lean to our supply base
- Develop supply chain capable of meeting performance and cost expectations
- Develop a “One Parker” standard process

# Aerospace Group supply chain strategy

<b>Corporate supply chain initiatives</b>	<b>Historical focus</b>	<b>Tactical Performance</b> Customer service / past due sales & receipts / DSI / PPM			
	<b>People</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Leadership development / skills assessments</li> <li>• Supply chain fundamentals - contract law / T&amp;Cs and price/cost analysis</li> </ul>			
	<b>Process</b>	<b>Internal lean</b>	<b>Spend management</b>	<b>Low-cost &amp; offset sourcing</b>	<b>Risk mitigation external lean</b>
	<b>Group strategic process initiatives &amp; future state focus</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Standardization of best practices</li> <li>– PFEP</li> <li>– Kanban</li> <li>– E-systems                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ PHConnect</li> <li>▪ S&amp;OP</li> </ul> </li> <li>– Barcoding</li> <li>– Material handling</li> <li>– Demand management</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Common strategies</li> <li>– Decentralize execution</li> <li>▪ Commodity councils</li> <li>– Direct material</li> <li>– Indirect material</li> <li>– Services</li> <li>– Transportation</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Coordinated strategy</li> <li>▪ Regional focus</li> <li>– China</li> <li>– Mexico</li> <li>– India</li> <li>– Asia</li> <li>– Other</li> <li>▪ Coordinated international participation plan</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Common assessment tools</li> <li>▪ Tactical problem solving</li> <li>▪ Rate-readiness assessments</li> <li>▪ Lean enablement</li> <li>– Supplier coaching</li> <li>– SEA engagements</li> <li>– Supplier Kaizens</li> </ul>
	<b>Metrics of success</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ DSI</li> <li>▪ L/T reduction</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Deflation</li> <li>▪ PPI</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Deflation</li> <li>▪ PPI</li> <li>▪ Offset performance</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ L/T reduction</li> <li>▪ Supplier O/T</li> <li>▪ Supplier PPM</li> <li>▪ Div customer service &amp; past due</li> <li>▪ Kanban deployment</li> </ul>
	<b>Info tech tools</b>	• S&OP	• SIC Database	• PHConnect	• PHConnect / SQS
	<b>Organization</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Supply chain structure / job descriptions</li> <li>• Major subcontracting</li> </ul>			
	<b>Communications</b>	Corporate / Group / Division Meetings / Sharepoint			
	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content;"> <b>Supply chain vision</b>                       Leveraging resource that is aligned with the business                 </div>				

# Global SWOT Analysis

Strengths and Weaknesses	Canada	China	Czech Rep	India	Mexico	Brazil	South Korea	Taiwan	Philippines	Malaysia	Singapore
Labor rate	W	S	W	S	S	W	W	S	S	S	W
Aerospace manufacturing	S	S	S	W	W	S	S	S	W	W	S
Educated technical workforce	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Protection of intellectual property	S	T	S	S	S	S	T	T	S	w	S
→ Surface treatment, special processes	S	S	S	W	W	W	S	S	W	S	S
Communications	S	W	S	S	S	S	W	W	S	W	S
Infrastructure	S	S	S	W	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Logistics	S	W	S	W	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
→ In country raw material availability	S	W	S	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	S
Required mfg technologies available	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Currency exchange rate	W	T	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Parker presence in country	S	S	W	S	S	S	W	W	W	W	S
Supplier maintainence	S	S	W	W	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
NAFTA	S				S						
DFAR qualified	S			S							
<b>THREATS</b>											
Border regions					T						
Civil unrest		T		T			T			T	
Competition for available capacity		T									
Euro adoption in 5 years			T								
Potential price escalation		T		T	T						
Employee turnover					T						

# Aerospace Group Global Sourcing Strategy

- Mexico
  - Improve utilization of existing assembly & test capability within Parker Maquila
  - SPD maximize utilization of Monterrey facility
  - Develop low-cost manufacturing / casting / processing sources
- China and S.E. Asia:
  - Grow existing suppliers and track individual supplier strategy progress
  - Monitor macro-economic indicators negative trends / inflation
  - Develop C919 partnerships
- India:
  - Explore for low cost savings opportunities
  - Satisfy military offset requirements with value sourcing
- Europe & others:
  - Hold key suppliers for strategic or offset reasons



# ASIA

## China

Large spend for savings reasons, exploring partnership / JV opportunities

## South Korea

Exceeded offset obligation through a partnership

## Japan

Partnership established for offset reasons

## Turkey

Procuring tube assys to satisfy JSF offset obligation

## Taiwan

Procuring machining and electronic sub-assys for savings

## Israel

Satisfying previous offset obligation and positioned for more potential offset

## India

Parker research trip to Bangalore in Jan to develop suppliers for savings and offset

## Philippines

Procuring simple machining for savings

## Saudi Arabia

Supporting potential offset through licensing aftermarket

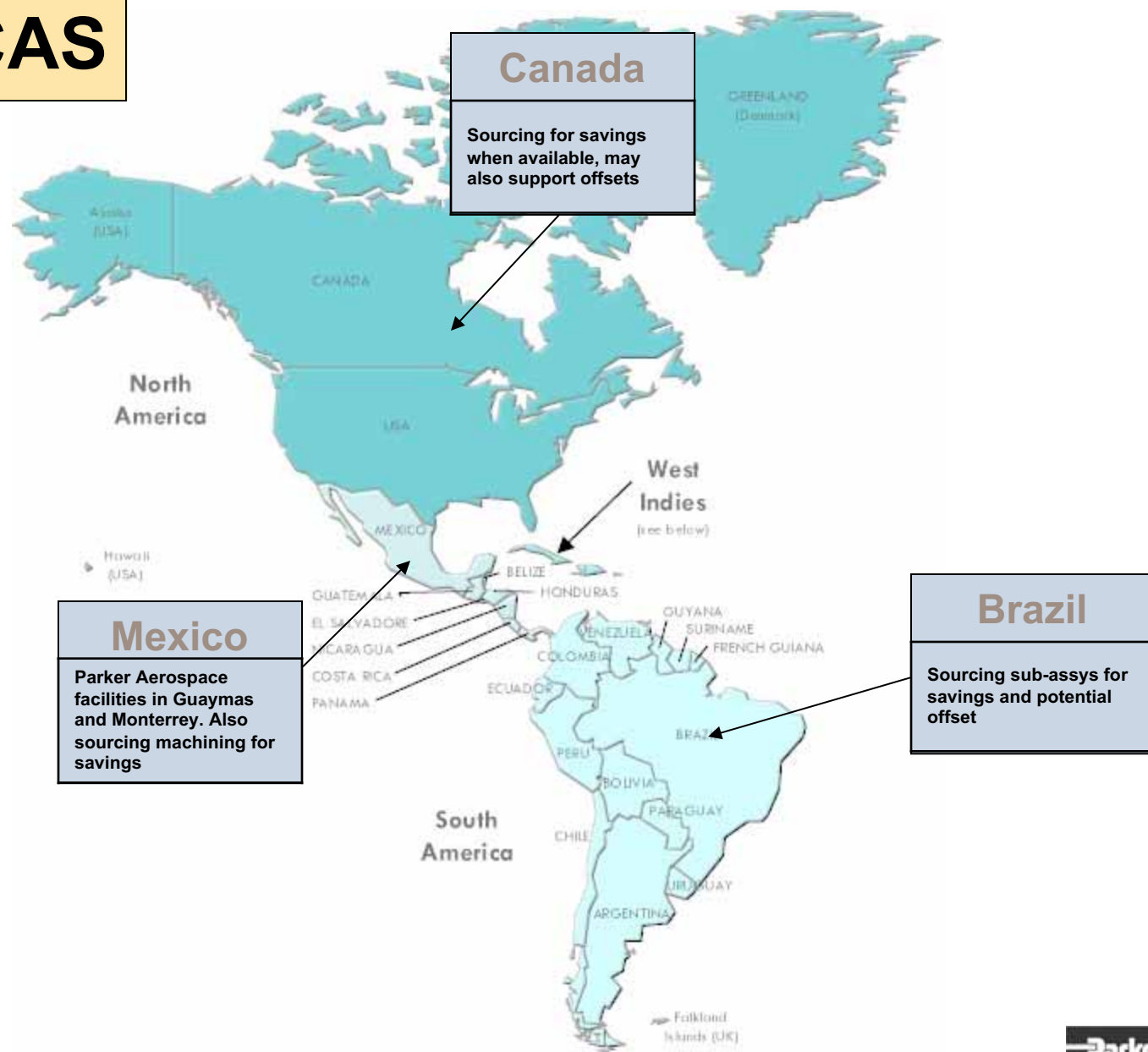
## Singapore

Exploring savings opportunities. Meeting w/ Singapore rep in Dec.

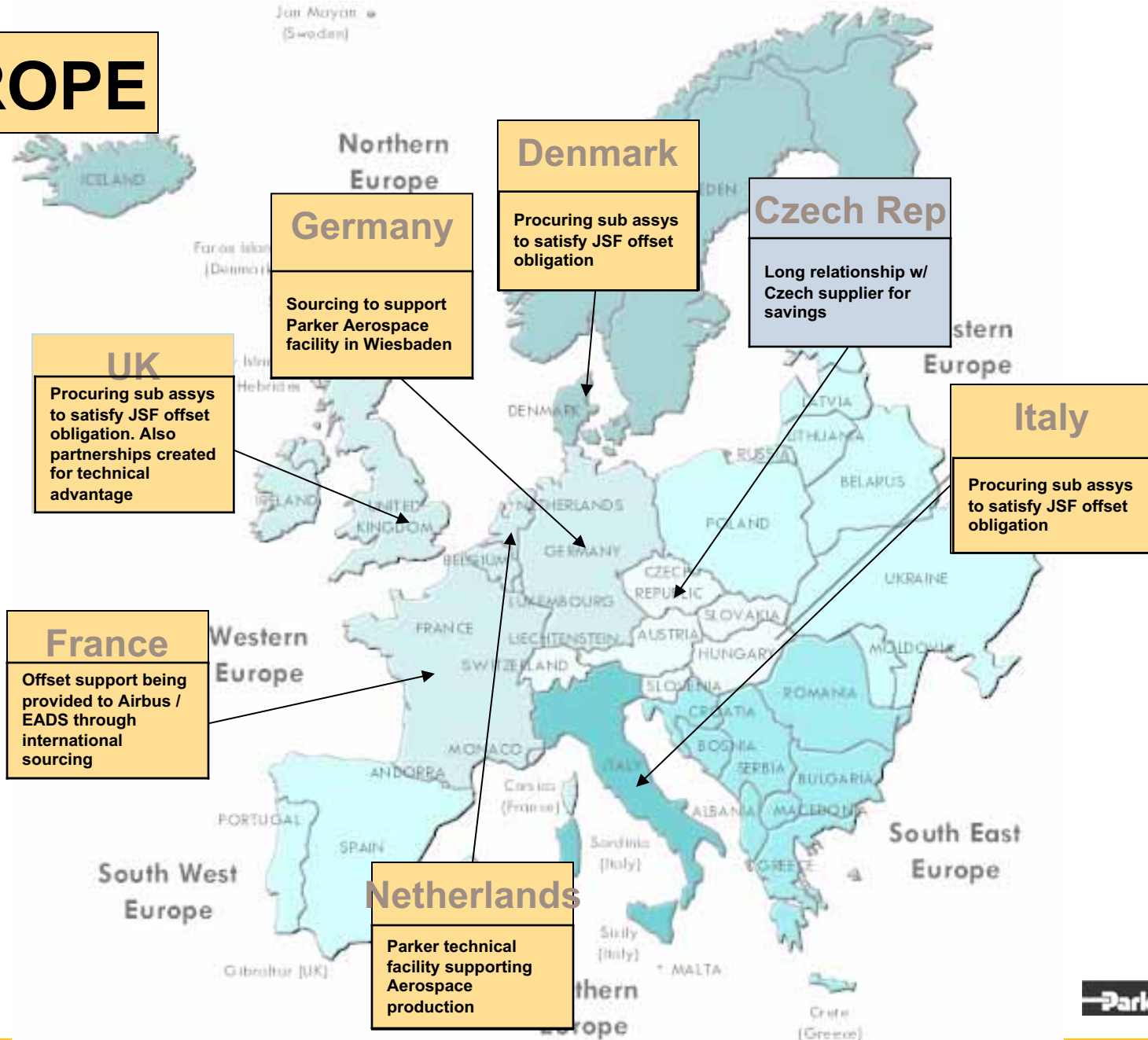
## Australia

Procuring sub assys to satisfy JSF offset obligation

# AMERICAS



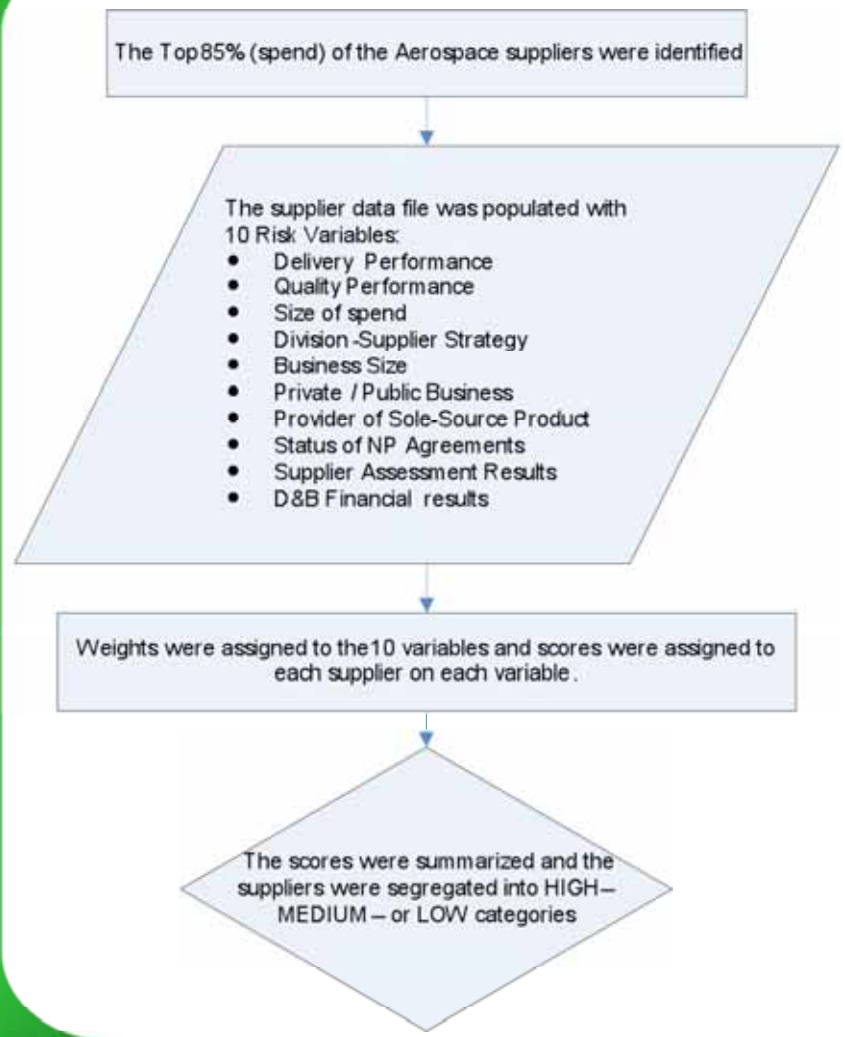
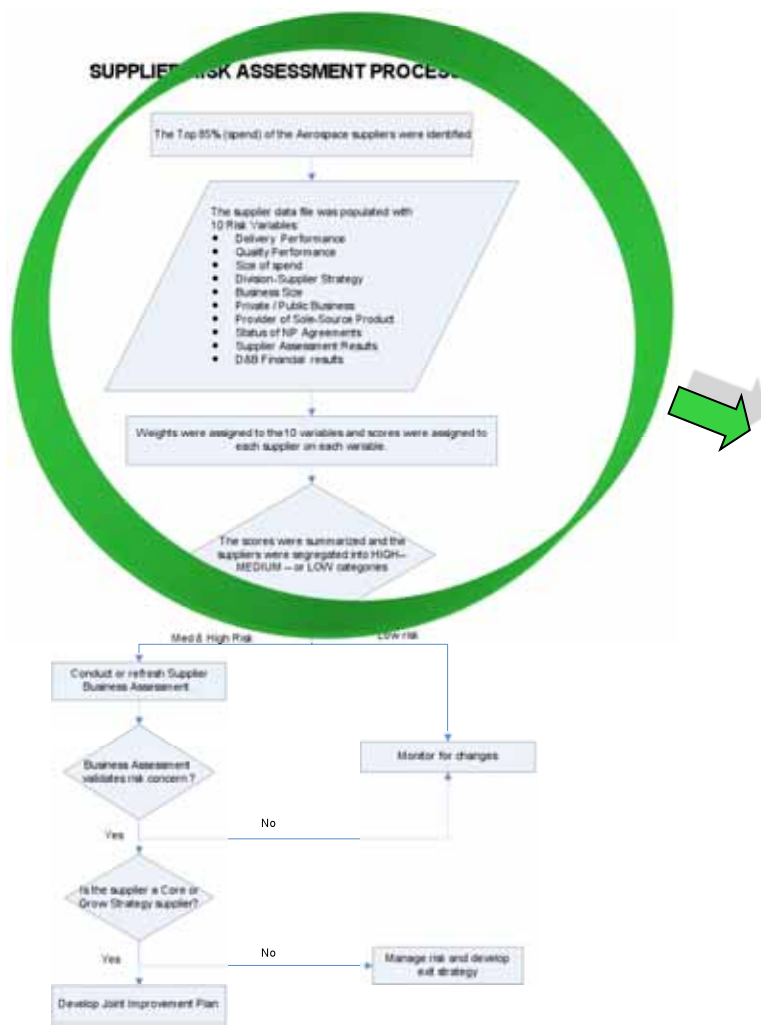
# EUROPE



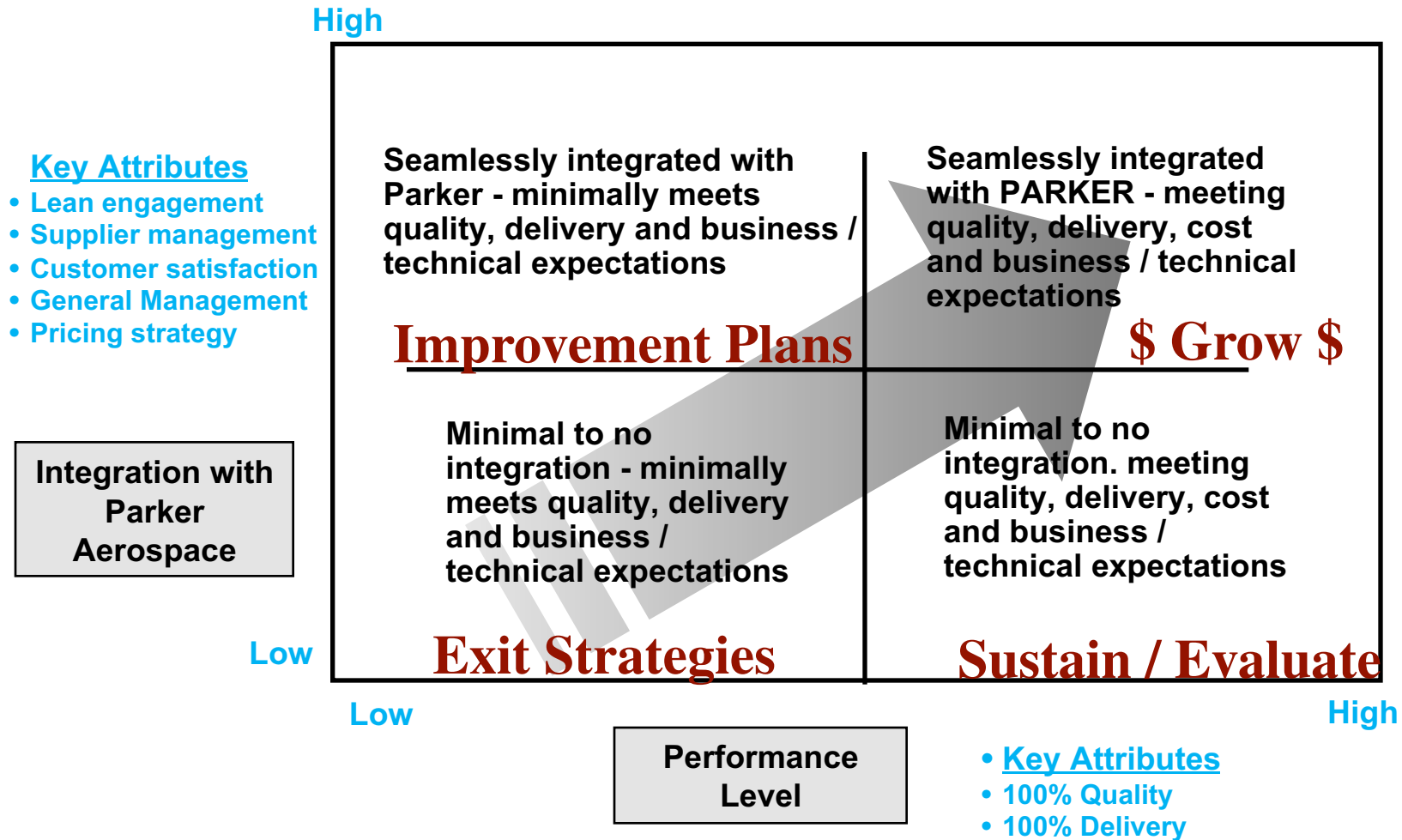
# Risk Management

- Top priorities –
  - 1) Understand and mitigate risk with source control suppliers
    - Develop and implement appropriate assessments
  - 2) Understand and mitigate risk with tier 1 partners
  - 3) Mitigate risk and leverage spend in top 25 suppliers
  - 4) Coordinate strategies for castings and forgings
  - 5) Quantify risks within balance of top 50% spend
  - 6) Revisit supplier strategy (4 box) for all machining suppliers

# Risk Assessment – Process Flow



# Supplier development strategy



# Supplier Risk Matrix

Division Name	Supplier Name	On LTA	Strategy	Bus Size	Private/Public	Delivery	Quality	Sole Source	Risk Assessment Sum
ABEX		Yes	Grow	Small	Private	94.00%	6846	No	194
CSD		Yes	Grow	Small	Private	90.20%	0	No	230
CSD		Yes	Grow	Small	Private	98.10%	23447	No	236
ABEX		Yes	Grow	Small	Private	98.00%	1684	No	272
CSD		Yes	Grow	Small	Private	99.70%	5460	No	230
ABEX		Yes	Grow	Small	Private	99.00%	27027	No	230
CSD		Yes	Hold	Small	Private	94.80%	29401	No	170
ABEX		Yes	Grow	Small	Private	99.00%	2007	No	260
CSD		Yes	Hold	Small	Private	97.60%	543	No	272
CSD		Yes	Exit	Large	Public	67.55%	120291	No	162
CSD		Yes	Hold	Large	Public	81.68%	4200	No	228
AFD		Yes	Hold	Large	Public	86.11%	2494	Yes	162
ABEX		Yes	Grow	Large	Public	88.00%	36101	Yes	162
CSD		Yes	Improve	Large	Public	91.50%	2564	Yes	150
CSD		Yes	Grow	Large	Public	97.10%	0	Yes	258
ABEX		Yes	Hold	Large	Public	71.00%	35029	Yes	138
CSD		Yes	Grow	Large	Public	97.00%	565	No	306
AFD		Yes	Grow	Large	Public	94.82%	377	No	276
ABEX		No	Grow	Large	Public	98.00%	3331	No	284
ABEX		Yes	Hold	Small	Private	97.00%	33937	Yes	158
ABEX		Yes	Hold	Small	Private	99.00%	13905	No	206
ABEX		Yes	Grow	Small	Private	95.00%	41775	No	194
CSD		Yes	Hold	Small	Private	95.56%	12242	No	260
CSD		Yes	Grow	Large	Public	100.00%	0	Yes	258

# Supplier Quality - RPPM

Fiscal Year	Gold Premier	Green Preferred	Yellow Marginal	Red Unacceptable
FY09 Baseline	50	1000	10,000	>10,000
FY10	50	500	5,000	>5,000
FY11	50	400	2,500	>2,500
FY12	50	300	1,250	>1,250



# Supplier Quality - RPPM

- 480 Top Supplier
  - 145 have quality > 5,000 RPPM
  - 78 have quality >1,000 / < 5,000 RPPM
  - 69 sole source supplier > 1,000 RPPM
- AIP of 35% from FY09 – 3250 RPPM
  - Probable – 4,000 (approx 20%)

# Supply Chain - Zero Defect Initiative

- Process based assessment performed to determine systemic opportunities:
  - Reviewed Quality escapes (NOE's), customer returns, A&T “turn backs” for last 9 months.
- Reviewed best practices and approaches used at each division.
  - Capitalize on practices that “never” allow certain system failures.
  - Aggregate into a single best practice procedure for Parker Aerospace
- Phase II - AS9100C used as checklist for broad system effectiveness review.

# Supply Chain - Zero Defect Initiative

- Process control improvements
  - Aerospace wide adoption of Parker Production Approval Process (PPAP)
  - Substantially more rigorous version of First Article Inspection
  - Procedure written and in second round of reviews prior to release.

# Supply Chain - Zero Defect Initiative

- “Work Transfer” and “Notification of Change”
  - Work Transfer
    - Work Transfer - Stage / Gate approach similar to the IAQG methodology.
      - Procedure and all associated templates written. In second round of review / pending release.
  - Notice of Change
    - Procedure currently being written based on FSD procedures, AS9016, and IAQG materials.

# Next

- Phase II – AS9100C Broad Assessment
  - A number of areas identified to unify Parker processes to utilize best practices.
    - Material Verification
    - Purchased Product Verification
    - Supplier Risk Assessment
    - Supplier Selection, Improvement, Exit
    - Supplier Audit and Oversight
    - Preferred Supplier Program
  - Prioritization of additional processes in-process
    - Common standard work the utilized best practices and minimizes risk in every business process.

# Supply chain initiatives

- Aligning business objectives throughout the supply chain
- Committing to co-prosperity
- Building supplier problem solving skills
- Exchanging best practices
- Leveraging our business success
- Supply Chain Strategy that focuses on
  - Customer Service
  - Spend Management
  - Lean processes
  - Risk Mitigation



# Why are we all here?





*Thank You!*